WORKSHOP OUTLINE

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INTRODUCTION

WORKSHOP LEADER
• Education and Professional Development Specialist

WORKSHOP GUIDELINES:
• Arrive on time
• Sign the attendance sheet
• Play an active role
• Respect others

The results you get directly reflect the effort you put in.

WHY OFFER THIS WORKSHOP?
• Empower students
• Develop job search skills
• CO-OP mandate: focused on learning

LEARNING OBJECTIVES
• Learn how to conduct an effective job search by:
  – Clearly identifying what you want through a process of reflection and research
  – Knowing how to search and target employers by understanding their needs and their recruitment methods
• Understand how we can help you

NOTES

Give a man a fish and you feed him for a day. Teach a man to fish and you feed him for a lifetime.

– Chinese Proverb
LOGISTICS

FINDING A JOB IS A FULL-TIME JOB

What you’ll need to succeed:
• A plan (this guide)
• A proactive attitude
• Flexibility
• Commitment/determination

PLACEMENT INTENTIONS

• Indicate your placement intentions as per the date in your student calendar:
  – “Finding my own” means you are responsible for finding your own work term (you cannot enter the placement process at a later date).
  – If you do both at the same time (click on “Participate in placement”) you:
    • Will need to participate actively in the CO-OP process.
    • Won’t be able to accept another job once you’ve been matched (let them know you’re committed to the other job and see if they are interested in hiring you for your next work term).

ORGANIZATION

• Print a copy of the student calendar for your next work term (or consult previous calendars online to get a sense of the timeline if you are early).
• Get organized:
  – Use this guide and checklist as templates for your job search.
  – Block off certain times during the week to devote to your job search.
  – Keep track of everything you do.
## PASSIVE VS. PROACTIVE JOB SEARCH

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OUTDATED JOB SEARCH</th>
<th>UPDATED JOB SEARCH</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Passive job search</td>
<td>Proactive job search</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Self-centered approach</td>
<td>Employer-centered approach</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Primarily focuses on writing and distributing resumés and letters in response to job listings</td>
<td>Focuses on entire job search process with self-assessment and goal-setting playing important foundation roles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Develops traditional chronological resumé stressing employment dates and focusing on duties and responsibilities</td>
<td>Develops performance-oriented resumé stressing accomplishments and including an objective and summary of qualifications</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brief cover letter politely repeats the contents of resumé</td>
<td>Cover letter expresses personality and includes a follow-up statement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Major job search activities involve responding to classified ads with a resumé and cover letter</td>
<td>Research, networking and follow-up play critical roles throughout the job search process</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prepares answers to anticipated interview questions</td>
<td>Provides preparation for both answering and asking questions during the interview</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waits to hear from employers</td>
<td>Uses effective follow-up techniques</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Primarily a paper writing and mailing exercise</td>
<td>Focuses on e-mail, telephone and face-to-face communications</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Job search tends to be spontaneous and serendipitous</td>
<td>Planning and preparation play key roles throughout the job search</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Myth-based job search</td>
<td>Reality-based job search</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Little use of Internet beyond checking online job postings and posting resumés online</td>
<td>Fully integrates the Internet into the job search, with special emphasis on conducting research and networking</td>
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</table>

*From Campus Career Center's The Job Hunting Guide by Ron and Caryl Krannich, Ph.Ds*
The job market is saturated with opportunities. Look in any newspaper or type “jobs” into an online search engine and you’ll be overwhelmed with postings. Unfortunately, applying for these jobs tends to lead to dead ends. Why? When applying for advertised jobs there’s lots of competition and little opportunity for you to stand out from the crowd. The solution is to tap into the hidden job market.

The hidden job market is all around us. The trouble is it’s not immediately apparent. In the hidden job market, jobs are not listed in the newspaper or posted online, they can’t be found at career services or by going to placement agencies. So how do you find them? They are found by connecting with people.

Connecting with people in order to find a job takes planning and strategy. An effective strategy involves five key steps: (1) developing a job search script, (2) connecting with friends, relatives and secondary contacts, (3) communicating directly with employers, (4) connecting with people through professional associations, personal activities and volunteerism, and finally (5) tracking your search activity so that you remain strategic and organized.
HOW DO EMPLOYERS HIRE?

Hidden job market

Roughly 80% of positions available at any point in time are not advertised.

WHY?
• Advertising is not the most cost-effective strategy for recruiting qualified candidates.
• Candidates who are referred represent less risk.
• Employers prefer active job seekers as opposed to passive ones.
• Employers may not have the time to fill the position.

COMMON RECRUITMENT METHODS

a) Internal
• Vacancies occur through promotions, maternity leaves, temporary assignments, normal attrition (retirements and regular turnover).
• Networking: referrals by employees, word of mouth.
• Non-permanent staff (i.e. on contract, summer and part-time staff or volunteers).
• Posting ads on their intranet site or on bulletin boards (may consider external applications if no one is qualified internally).

b) External
• Unsolicited applications.
• Networking with family, friends and acquaintances.
• Networking through professional associations and posting ads on their Web site.
• Advertising on the organization's Web site.
• Attending career and job fairs.
• Special recruitment programs (new grads from post-secondary institutions, CO-OPs and internships, summer employment programs, diversity programs).
• Using a third party recruiter (temporary employment agencies, headhunters).
• Advertising in newspapers, job search Web sites, radio and TV ads (20% of jobs available).

EXCEPTION: Positions that have a high turnover rate (sales, clerical) require skills that are in short supply or require extensive experience have better chances of being advertised.

NOTE: Remember that some positions are advertised but have already been filled unofficially.
CAREER RESEARCH RESOURCES

Career development is a life-long process of exploring and gathering information. This enables you to synthesize, gain competence, make decisions, set goals and take action. The key to success is:

a. Knowing who you are and what you have to offer (self-assessment)
b. Identifying what you want (researching careers and occupations)
c. Creating an action plan (course selection, developing required skills, gaining experience)
d. Conducting an effective job search

Invest in your career now by taking the time to learn about yourself and your options before you graduate. It will be time well spent!

Research careers/occupations

• "What can I do with my studies?": www.careers.uOttawa.ca/en/students/studies
• Information on the Canadian labour market: www.labourmarketinformation.ca
• Canada Job Futures: http://jobfutures.ca/en/home.shtml
• Explore occupations, industries/sectors and labour trends: http://workinfonet.ca/

Research by geographic location

• www.ottawaregion.com/sitemap.asp
• For other cities, try googling the city name with keywords such as Labour Market Key Industry or Economic Development (for example: “Toronto Labour Market”)
• Many job search Web sites can be searched by city

Industry/sector Web sites

• www.councils.org (click on List of councils for links to national and provincial sectors)
• Try a keyword search using the following example: “Manufacturing Industry Canada”

Employer guides and career magazines (available at Career Services)

• The Canada Student Employment Guide
• The Career Directory
• Who’s Hiring
• Trade Directories (ex. Canadian Manufacturing – Ontario)
• Job Postings Magazine
• Career Options in Business, Arts and Sciences
• Career Options in Hi-tech and Engineering, etc.

Professional associations

• The Directory of Associations in Canada (available at Career Services)
• Consult “What can I do with my studies?” which lists professional associations by program:
  www.careers.uOttawa.ca/en/students/studies/
  www.cicic.ca/profess-en.php

Job search Web sites

• Search by geographical location, industry or job type
• Some sites contain links to employers (by alphabetical name)
  http://company.monster.ca/
  http://www.workopolis.com/content/resource/research.html (search in the FastTrack section)

Career and job fairs

• Employers who recruit graduating students from the University of Ottawa often have summer employment and/or CO-OP opportunities. Consult the following Web site for more information: www.careers.uOttawa.ca (click on Career Fairs) and attend these events
• Other career and job fairs (advertised through newspapers, radio and TV ads and magazines)
• Attend a great number of networking events organized by your faculty or the University. In addition to career fairs, student associations and faculties are organizing all kinds of events, such as luncheon meetings and conferences, cocktail parties, launches, etc. These will be ideal opportunities to increase your networking.
ACTIVITY: CAREER PATH

Purpose:
To identify the kind of work you seek as clearly as possible.

Rationale:
Taking the time to reflect on your career goals will allow you to be focused in your job search and maximize your efforts.

Activity:
1. Complete all sections below.
2. Be ready to share and discuss with the group.

CAREERS/ OCCUPATIONS
List all the job titles or careers in which you are interested. If you are unsure about job titles, list the kind of work you would like (e.g. tasks or job duties).

____________________________ ________________________________ ________________________________
____________________________ ________________________________ ________________________________
____________________________ ________________________________ ________________________________

GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION
List all the cities or areas where you are willing to work.

____________________________ ________________________________ ________________________________
____________________________ ________________________________ ________________________________

SECTORS
Circle the industry sectors that interest you.

Government sector
- Federal
- Provincial
- Municipal

Para-public sector
- Universities and colleges
- School boards
- Hospitals & emergency services
- Crown corporations & agencies
- Public utilities

Private sector
for profit
- Corporations
- Companies

Private sector
non-profit
- NGOs
- Charities
- Foundations
- Institutes
- Associations
JOB SEARCH STRATEGY RESOURCES

You must be able to clearly articulate why an employer should hire you. This will be easier if you are able to demonstrate:

- What you have to offer (your skills and experience)
- That you understand their needs (discovered through research and information interviewing) and have a genuine interest in their organization
- The benefits of hiring through CO-OP

Benefits of Co-operative Education

- Self-motivated and energetic employees ready to contribute with a fresh perspective
- Cost-effective solution to fill short-term employment needs (regular work and backlogs, special projects or one-time needs)
- Wage subsidy available through provincial tax credit for employers who hire CO-OP students from eligible programs
- Excellent method to assess employees for future full-time positions
- Opportunity to identify and recruit the best before they graduate

Approaching employers

- The common and unsuccessful approach “What’s in it for me?”
  - Avoid “I’m looking for a CO-OP job” and “Do you hire CO-OP students?”
- The effective approach: “What’s in it for the employer?”
  - Be a “detective” (ask questions, gather information).
  - Learn about their challenges and needs and you may identify hidden opportunities.
  - Then, propose your own work term based on what you have learned.
  - Be ready to answer the following questions: What do you have to offer? Why should they hire you?

Employer-centered approach questions

- What are the challenges you (or your organization) are currently facing? Does this impact your staffing needs?
- How does your organization usually fill positions? Are there ever any positions that are not filled this way?
- While researching your Web site, I noticed that you have a Human Resources department. Is the recruitment process centralized or decentralized? How involved are managers in the process?
- Did you know that there is a subsidy program to offset the cost of wages only available for employers who hire a post-secondary CO-OP student? (science and engineering fields only)
- Which positions have a high turnover rate? Why?
- Which positions are harder to fill? Why?
- Are there any projects that you simply don’t have the time to do?
- Are you interested in someone with xyz skills/experience?
- Can you give me an overview of how the work in your department flows? For instance, are there peak periods and down times?
- Would you be interested in further discussing your situation with an Employer Account Manager from the University of Ottawa CO-OP Programs?
ACTIVITY: JOB SEARCH SCRIPT

Purpose: To quickly and clearly articulate your past, present and future.

Rationale: Being able to describe who you are and why you are speaking with someone opens up opportunities for jobs.

Activity:
Part 1 - Individually
• Fill out the job search script outline.

Part 2 - In groups of three
• Say your script aloud.
• Give feedback on each individual’s script.
• Modify your own script as required.

Part 3 - As a larger group
• Be prepared to discuss the question: “What are some of the problems and challenges with using a job search script?”

Part 4 - On your own time
• Use the Job Search Script with your friends, relatives and secondary contacts, when applying directly to companies and with the people you meet through professional associations, personal activities and volunteerism.

Current education – 10 seconds or less

Relevant past work experience – 10 seconds or less

Three strengths – 10 seconds or less

I’m focusing my career search on... – 15 seconds or less

The reason I am speaking with you is I’m looking for ideas, advice and/or information on... – 10 seconds or less

Note: Notice that you are not asking for a job. The direct request is not as effective as the open question: “Do you have any ideas/advice/information?”
**ACTIVITY: PEOPLE YOU KNOW**

**Purpose:**
To generate a list of people you know. These are your primary contacts.

**Rationale:**
We often overlook the people closest to us when job searching.

**Activity:**

**Part 1 – Individually**
- List two to three people you know.
- List their contact details.
- Note the date/time when you will contact them.

**Part 2 – On your own time**
- Brainstorm an extensive list of people you know. Do not edit yourself. Write a list that includes everyone you know from your dog sitter to your mom’s best friend!
- Note the contact details and set a date to connect with each person.
- Contact everyone on your list and use the Job Search Script to gather information, ideas and advice.
- Follow through with the next steps as suggested by your primary contacts.

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Contact details</th>
<th>Ideas, information or advice provided</th>
<th>Next steps</th>
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ACTIVITY: COMPANIES THAT SHOULD KNOW YOU

Purpose:
To generate a list of employers that would be interested in your skills.

Rationale:
When connecting directly with employers you eliminate competition and increase your chances of securing a job.

Activity:
Part 1 – Individually
• List two to three companies you know you would like to work for.
• If possible at this stage, write down contact details.
• Write down why you are interested in working there.
• Note the date/time when you will contact them directly.

Part 2 – On your own time
• Research companies that would be interested in your skills and abilities. Read the newspaper, check the Internet, go to Career Services (www.sass.uOttawa.ca) and speak with friends, relatives and contacts to create a list of companies.
• Refine the list to a total of 25 companies. Select this final list of 25 companies based on their location, your skill match, your values or whatever criteria are important to you.
• Call each company. Use your Job Search Script.
• Follow up with the next steps.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Company</th>
<th>Contact details</th>
<th>Why you’re interested in working there</th>
<th>Next steps</th>
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INCREASING YOUR NET RESOURCES

Here are a few additional ways of finding employers who may have a need for someone with your skills set. A proactive and creative approach will set you apart from your competition.

Networking

• Networking is the act of communicating with people in order to exchange information. It can be done in person, by telephone or by e-mail with people you know and even strangers.
• It’s one of the most effective job search strategies; although it can take more time to land a job than through some other strategies. However, the advantage is that you’ll likely locate opportunities that would never have been advertised through other methods.

Creative job searching methods

• Attend on- and off-campus conferences, presentations or seminars and network.
• Sign up for free company or industry newsletters (print and online).
• Read industry publications (i.e. Ottawa Tech Industry Guide) that often have articles on companies that are growing and even advertise positions.
• Volunteer for an organization, a campus club, a cause or a professor.
• Focus a class project on an organization and interview key people there.
• Join a professional association as a student member (conferences, mentorship programs, job postings, create or lead a student chapter).
• Get involved in special events (i.e. undergrad business games, fundraising events sponsored by organizations, etc.).
• Attend social events and network.
• Find contact names by reading articles in newspapers, publications or on the Internet. Then conduct an information interview to enlarge your network.

What’s an information interview?

• A meeting where you gather career information from a contact currently working in the field or company you are interested in joining.
• The goal of this meeting is **not** to ask if there are positions available but instead to learn about the organization, industry trends, career paths and required skills or experience.
• Conduct information interviews with people you have identified through your research.

Who else can I network with?

• Friends and family
• Colleagues and supervisors (current and former)
• Classmates and professors
• Members of professional associations, student clubs, business chambers
• Members of social groups, community clubs, sports activities
• Family doctor, dentist, hairdresser, pharmacist, etc.
ACTIVITY: INCREASING YOUR NET

Purpose:
To create a larger group of people that you can connect with.

Rationale:
By increasing the amount of people you know, you increase your access to the hidden job market.

Activity:
Part 1 – Individually
• List one field-related organization or association that you are aware of.
• List one organization, association, group or team that relates to your interests.
• List one organization, association or group that would be interested in your volunteer services.

Note: Whenever possible choose groups that attract working professionals. While student groups are important when job searching, it is to your advantage to connect with employed people.

Part 2 – On your own time
• Research possible places to network with professional, personal and quasi-professional groups. Note: Many ideas can be gathered when using your Job Search Script with friends, relatives, secondary contacts and employers.
• Join the groups that best match your interests and skills.
• Attend events and meetings. Get involved.
• Use your Job Search Script with the people you meet.

Professional
Organizations or associations that relate to your education and/or career goals. For example, IEEE.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Contact details</th>
<th>Event dates</th>
<th>Ideas, info, advice gained</th>
<th>Next steps</th>
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Personal
Organizations, associations, groups or teams that relate to your interests. For example, The Running Room.

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<th>Name</th>
<th>Contact details</th>
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<th>Ideas, info, advice gained</th>
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Quasi-professional
Organizations, associations or groups that would be interested in your volunteer services. For example, the Canadian Cancer Society.

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<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Contact details</th>
<th>Event dates</th>
<th>Ideas, info, advice gained</th>
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ACTIVITY: SPOT THE RESUMÉ DIFFERENCES

Purpose:
To identify the differences between a CO-OP resumé and a professional resumé.

Rationale:
By identifying the differences, you will be able to transform your resumé into a professional resumé as needed: for finding your own job or as a new grad.

Activity:
Part 1 – Individually
• Find and circle the differences between the resumés.

Part 2 – As a group
• Be prepared to share and discuss your findings with the group.

CO-OP resumé

Your name

EDUCATION

Fall 2004 - Present
Bachelor of Arts, Environmental Studies, CO-OP option
University of Ottawa, ON
• Presently in second year
• Admission scholarship from the University of Ottawa
• Scholarship for studying in French "Bourse de la francophonie"

SKILLS

Research and analysis

• Collected specimens during a field study in the Old Chelsea stream to examine the correlation between the abundance and diversity of macroinvertebrates and the state of their habitat
• Identified different macroinvertebrates and types of vegetation, using a corresponding image chart
• Observed and measured several physical parameters during field work: surface water speed, water depth and width, soil type, vegetation cover, water temperature, dissolved oxygen level, pH level, habitat type and condition of the river’s edge
• Analyzed data collected in the field by using spreadsheets and the appropriate statistical methods to clearly demonstrate the results
• Developed the ability to evaluate hypotheses using concrete data collected in the field
• Analyzed and measured vegetation in several different sites of the Gatineau Provincial Park using transect techniques to describe and quantify the secondary succession model in abandoned fields of ecosystems in mixed temperate forests
• Gained experience in techniques such as melting point, crystallization and recrystallization, extraction, chromatography, distillation and drying organic solutions

Communication

• LANGUAGES: Bilingual in English and French
• WRITTEN SKILLS: Wrote reports, memos and other documents for a Technical Writing class
• Wrote and edited essays and comparative pieces for Philosophy and Political Science classes
• ORAL SKILLS: Participated in numerous public speaking contests in English and French

Computers

GIS-ARC/Info
• Excellent understanding of basic traditional and numerical cartography and GIS
• Ability to create various maps using GPS and other data

Microsoft Office
• Microsoft Word, PowerPoint and Excel

Internet
• Able to conduct quick and efficient Internet research

WORK EXPERIENCE

September 2003 - Present  Receptionist and Clerk  Office X, Ottawa, Ontario
• Demonstrated leadership by training new staff
• Demonstrated good initiative and team spirit by helping other co-workers in need
• Developed computer knowledge by conducting intensive Internet searches and by updating the system database
• Demonstrated a calm composure and self-control when faced with stressful and demanding situations
• Improved time-management skills while dealing with strict deadlines

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Interests
• Participated in a theatre class and acted in many plays
• Rode horses during all of high school and volunteered at a farm as a summer camp guide for children

REFERENCES

Michelle Labelle  
Manager  
Office X, Ottawa, Ontario  
(613) 123-4567 ext. 890  
Ms. Labelle is my direct supervisor.
Professional résumé

YOUR NAME

1234 Any Road
Ottawa, Ontario K1A 1A1

Tel.: 613 222-1111
yourname@uOttawa.ca

OBJECTIVE

To apply my technical and interpersonal abilities for the position of X within company name

PROFILE

• Highly analytical and detail oriented
• Strong leader as well as a productive team player
• Familiar with GPS and other sampling tools in geography
• Excellent communication, management, and organizational skills
• Fluent in English and French, both written and spoken

EDUCATION

Bachelor of Arts, Environmental Studies, CO-OP Option

UNIVERSITY OF OTTAWA, ONTARIO

• Presently in second year
• Admission scholarship from the University of Ottawa
• Scholarship for studying in French “Bourse de la francophonie”

RESEARCH AND ANALYTICAL SKILLS

• Collected specimens during a field study in the Old Chelsea stream to examine the correlation between the abundance of diversity of macroinvertebrates and the state of their habitat
• Identified different macroinvertebrates and types of vegetation, using a corresponding image chart
• Observed and measured several physical parameters during field work: surface water speed, water depth and width, soil type, vegetation cover, water temperature, dissolved oxygen level, pH level, habitat type and condition of the river’s edge
• Analyzed data collected in the field by using spreadsheets and the appropriate statistical methods to clearly demonstrate the results
• Developed the ability to evaluate hypotheses using concrete data collected in the field
• Analyzed and measured vegetation in several different sites of the Gatineau Provincial Park using transect techniques to describe and quantify the secondary succession model in abandoned fields of ecosystems in mixed temperate forests
• Gained experience in techniques such as melting point, crystallization and recrystallization, extraction, chromatography, distillation and drying organic solutions

COMMUNICATION SKILLS

Languages: Bilingual in English and French
Written skills: Wrote reports, memos and other documents for a Technical Writing class
Wrote and edited essays and comparative pieces for Philosophy and Political Science classes
Oral skills: Participated in numerous public speaking contests in English and French
COMPUTER SKILLS

GIS-ARC/Info: Excellent understanding of basic traditional and numerical cartography and GIS; Ability to create various maps using GPS and other data
Microsoft Office: Microsoft Word, PowerPoint and Excel
Internet: Able to conduct quick and efficient Internet research

WORK EXPERIENCE

Receptionist and Clerk
Office X, Ottawa, Ontario
Sept. 2003-Present
• Demonstrated leadership by training new staff
• Developed initiative and team spirit by helping other co-workers in need
• Developed computer knowledge by conducting intensive Internet searches and by updating the system database
• Demonstrated a calm composure and self-control when faced with stressful and demanding situations
• Improved time-management skills while dealing with strict deadlines

INTERESTS

• Participated in a theatre class and acted in many plays
• Rode horses during all of high school and volunteered at a farm as a summer camp guide for children

REFERENCES AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST
RESUMÉ TIPS

• Use your CO-OP resumé (content) to create a 2-page document in Word or WordPerfect.
• You can’t copy your resumé into Word (lose formatting).

Resumé differences

• Don’t forget to add your full contact information (address, phone, e-mail) at the top of your resumé.
• Career objective (optional – between your contact info and your skills section).

This section is not available in a CO-OP resumé. If you choose to use this, make it as specific as possible (i.e. the job title of the position you are applying for, including any reference numbers listed on the job description). If there is no position listed, tell them what kind of work you’re targeting.

Here are a few examples:

A public relations position focused on developing and implementing programs, organizing people and events, and communicating positive ideas and images. Effective in public speaking and in managing publicity/promotional campaigns.

A position as a General Sales Representative with a pharmaceutical company that will use my chemistry background and abilities to work on a self-directed basis in managing a marketing territory.

A position in banking where skills in sales, accounts management and customer relations will result in a high retention rate of current clients and a rapid increase in new customers.

Entry-level position in investment research and analysis. Interests and skills include securities analysis, financial planning and portfolio management. Long-range goal: Chartered Financial Planner.

• Ending your resumé: References available upon request. It is assumed that you will provide references if they are requested, so this line is optional. References should be typed on a separate page and brought with you to the interview. Provide them only if they are requested.
HOW WE CAN HELP YOU

WE CAN HELP YOU WITH:
✓ Resumé and cover letter reviews
✓ Mock interviews
✓ Sending faxes or making long-distance phone calls for interviews (no cost to the employer or yourself)

EMPLOYER ACCOUNT MANAGERS:
✓ Have current knowledge of the actual labour market and industry trends and understand the various needs and requirements of employers.
✓ Have insider knowledge about the organization you’re targeting.
✓ Can give you additional pointers and support on how to approach employers successfully.
✓ Verify that the person you want to contact is not already in our database. If the person you are considering contacting is not in our database, then you are welcome to contact them directly.
✓ They will be able to tell you if certain employers have hired our students in the past and contact them on your behalf to determine if they would be interested in your application.
✓ They will give you CO-OP information packages that you can give to prospective employers. Don’t forget to familiarize yourself with the information inside!
✓ Able to help you “close the deal” by following up with an employer who is interested and has questions about CO-OP.
✓ Any job posting that is received as a result of your efforts will not be open to other students. You will be the only one considered for this job.
✓ Can sympathize with you and give you support when you get rejections and no replies.

WHY CAN’T I CONTACT A PERSON IN OUR DATABASE?
✓ Employers may feel bombarded by the number of attempts from the University of Ottawa (and other schools) when individual students approach them. This will not entice them to hire you.
✓ That contact may have told us that they aren’t hiring for the next semester.

OTHER ON-CAMPUS RESOURCES

Take advantage of free career counselling services on campus. Services include career tests (some career tests carry small fees), group sessions and individual appointments.

Counselling and Personal Development Service
100 Marie Curie, 4th floor
613.562.5200
www.sass.uOttawa.ca/en/personal

Career Services
UCU 312
613.562.5806
www.careers.uOttawa.ca

Career Centre, Telfer School of Management
VNR 138 (main entrance lobby)
613.562.5656
www3.management.uOttawa.ca/careercentre
INTERVIEW AND THANK YOU LETTER TIPS

INTERVIEWS - DIFFERENCES WITH CO-OP

- Everything you have learned about interviews will be useful.
- The ending is different if you want the job.
  Follow this process after asking your questions:
  – Reiterate interest in the position.
  – What is the next step in the recruitment process?
  – If I haven’t heard from you in xyz days, may I follow up with you?
  – May I have your business card?

Once you have a business card in hand (or have their contact information), write a thank you note and send it within 48 hours. It is very effective because:
- It demonstrates your business etiquette.
- It may be used as a deciding factor when there are equally qualified candidates.
- Very few people follow up this way.

Sample thank you letter

Mr. John Appleby  
Investment Director  
Pendulum Investments  
910 Banking Corner, Suite 12  
Toronto, Ontario M3P 5L2  

Dear Mr. Appleby:

Thank you for taking the time to discuss the insurance broker position at Pendulum Investments with me. After our meeting, it was clear to me that my background and skills coincide well with your needs and the culture of your organization.

I really appreciate that you took so much time to acquaint me with the company. It is no wonder that Pendulum Investments retains its employees for so long. I feel I could learn a great deal from you and would certainly enjoy working with you.

In addition to my qualifications and experience, I will bring excellent work habits and judgment to this position. With the countless demands on your time, I’m sure that you need people who can be trusted to carry out their responsibilities with minimal supervision.

I look forward to hearing from you concerning your hiring decision. Again, thank you for your time and consideration.

Sincerely,

John Oakley  
johnoakley@hotmail.ca
GETTING YOUR JOB APPROVED

CONGRATULATIONS!

You've found a job you want to accept. Here's what you'll need to do:

- Inform the employer of CO-OP requirements (site visit, employer evaluation form) and make sure they are OK with this.
- Ask the employer to e-mail or fax a job offer with duration of employment and a short job description.
- Fill out an “Employer Contact Information” sheet.
- If the job is approved and you are still available, you will be matched (if you’re participating in the placement process, communicate with the front desk staff for more instructions).
CHECKLIST

- Create a professional resumé in Word, WordPerfect, PDF or text format
- Establish a list of employers according to selection criteria (type of employer, size, industrial sector, location, etc.)
- Establish a list of contacts: family, friends, colleagues; discuss job search and get leads
- Book a meeting with Employer Account Manager to discuss job search and to get tips and hints
- Create a cover letter, carefully adapting it to each job you apply for
- Create a job search scenario
- Attend networking functions: professional associations, job fairs, etc.
- Participate in a mock interview
- Send cold e-mails and make cold calls to potential employers or referrals, requesting information meetings, and use your job search script
- Send resumé and cover letter by e-mail, mail or fax to potential employers, contacts, etc.
- Follow up on all your applications (by phone/e-mail) within one week
- Participate in information meetings and interviews
- Send thank-you letters within 24 hours
- Contact CO-OP Office ASAP with all the information when a job is found

GOOD LUCK!
CONCLUSION

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

• Career Services (312 UCU)
• Career Centre (Telfer School of Management)
• Civil Law Professional Development Centre
• Human Resources Centre of Canada for Students (L’Esplanade Laurier, 300 Laurier Avenue)

ADDITIONAL HELP

Do you need help with your job search?

To make an appointment, contact the CO-OP Office:
613.562.5741
coop@uOttawa.ca
APPENDIX

FINDING YOUR OWN JOB: A LEARNING CONTRACT

Finding your own CO-OP job is an exciting experience because it puts you at the centre of your career. You decide what you want and how you’re going to get it. However, being in the driver’s seat can be challenging especially when you are new to developing and managing your own career.

Establishing a learning contract is an effective way to find your own job because it's like creating a map and bringing a guide along on your journey. A learning contract shifts you from the role of “passive receiver of content to being an active planner in the learning process” (O’Donnell & Caffarella 1998, p. 295). At the same time, a learning contract ensures clear objectives, resources, strategies, and check points.

Sample finding your own job learning contract

Name of learner: ____________________________________________

Name of Education and Professional Development Specialist: ___

Date: ____________________________

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Learner’s objectives (What I propose to learn and do.)</th>
<th>Learning strategies and resources (What resources, strategies and experiences I will use to learn and do this.)</th>
<th>Evidence of accomplishment (How I will know I have learned or done this.)</th>
<th>Evaluation of learning (How I will know I have learned or accomplished this.)</th>
<th>Time schedule</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Define and clarify my career goal</td>
<td>Complete Finding Your Own Job workbook materials and activities</td>
<td>Individual consultation appointment</td>
<td>Active and continuous communication with the Education and Professional Development Specialist (EPDS)</td>
<td>October 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Identify companies as potential employers</td>
<td>Brainstorm</td>
<td>List of brainstorm ideas</td>
<td>Active and continuous communication with the EPDS</td>
<td>October 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Research on the Internet</td>
<td>List of companies from Internet research</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Find potential networking events</td>
<td>Actual attendance at networking event</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create list of employers interested in my employment candidacy</td>
<td>Create a narrow and targeted list of potential employers</td>
<td>“Warm calls” made “Warm e-mails” written and sent</td>
<td>Active and continuous communication with the EPDS</td>
<td>October 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Write targeted cover letters</td>
<td>Research and practise how to create a “targeted” letter</td>
<td>Submit completed cover letter to EPDS for review</td>
<td>Cover letter reviewed and approved by EPDS</td>
<td>October 30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Signature of learner: ____________________________________________

Signature of specialist: ____________________________________________
### Sample list of resources and strategies

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resources</th>
<th>Strategies</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Professors/Education and Professional</td>
<td>Reading</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Development Specialist/Employer Account</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manager</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other learners</td>
<td>Researching and documenting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Work supervisors</td>
<td>Preparing for activities (for example, networking event)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subject matter experts</td>
<td>Attending a professional association event</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Books</td>
<td>Conducting information interviews</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Journal and magazine articles</td>
<td>Skill practice exercises (for example, mock interview)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Feedback</td>
<td>Writing of materials (for example, resumé)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Sources

